

## الدرس - ١٨

## عبد الاستقلال العهد

## معانٍ الكلمات

عزيز - Dear / Valuable (ج) اعزام

سلام - Peace

الجاه - Prestige

شعب - Citizen (ج) شعوب

مرفوع - Raised

هدى - Credle

اطفاء - Position (ج) دوامات

الفلسفة - Philosophy

بلدك - Your country

جادلت - you fought

تاريخ - History (ج) تواريخ

صبر - Patience

مجيد - glorious (ج) امجاد

~~عزوم~~ (ج) اعزام

عميق - Deep

قابلت - faced/ met

المهارات - Civilisation (ج) ادخار

الشدة - difficulty (ج) شدة

النظام - System (ج) انظمة

ابتسام - Smiling

اد - Gave

عدت - you return

العالمين - worlds

مُحققراً - successful

ازاح - removed

حراً - Independent (ج) عبد

شيئاً عنها - Its light

حرار - حرار (ج) عبد

كوييناً - Cover (ج) ادبار

نoble - kind (ج) بخل حجب

العظيم - great (ج) مظہر

## Reference

These couplets are taken from the poem "بعد استقلال الهند" written by the Indian poet عبد الظاهر جوينج، which means "After India's independence".

British ruled India for many years till the 20<sup>th</sup> century. Before Independence, our country was at the mercy of her foreign rulers. They did whatever they liked for the good of their own country.

## Explanation

- ◆ The poet starts his poem by ~~saying~~ stating the country by its people by stating they are peace loving people. India is the cradle of philosophy. It has rich & diverse philosophical tradition, dating back to ancient times. India gave birth to many great philosophers.
  - ◆ India went ahead by proceeded in its own stirring & struggling with great patience & with determination. It faced distress & misery with a smile.

Suffered	- قاسوا	Darkness	(ع) ظلمات
Pain	- ألم	Depth	(ع) عمق
called	- اُلهم	Good	أذكي
brotherhood	- التضي	Congratulation	الدُّخاناني
throwing	- نبذ	We sent it	نُزفها
guided / direct	- ارشدوا	Struggle	→ محاولة
		Quarrel	آخرها و (ع) خصومة

## فروع العلاجية

~~في هذه القصيدة عبارة لابن الحسين~~

- ❖ India could stand erect before the world after the Independence. The west was given the light of Indian philosophy. Indian philosophies could make great contribution with the world's philosophy.
- ❖ Every year we the Indians celebrate the Indian Independence Day. We pay tribute to our national leaders.
- ❖ All are aware of the great role of Mahatma Gandhi in the independence movement. Gandhi persuaded many of his followers to use non-violent protest; he started mass campaigns by fought this struggle through 'Ahinsa' by total non-violence. He started his civil disobedience campaign deliberately breaking the law.
- ❖ Gandhi tried to unite different people of India, trying to build a common national identity by bringing nationalism to fight the British.

- ❖ At last it achieved what it had desired. It won the freedom after that English rule, in result of the people who launched the struggle for independence throughout the nation. It gained its own position which is highly glorious in the world.
- ❖ India has a great history which has always been famous for its culture & ancient civilisation. The culture of India refers to religions, beliefs, customs, traditions, languages, ceremonies, arts, values by the way of life in India & its people. The culture of India is one of the oldest & unique. There is an amazing, natural diversity throughout the country. The south, north & northeast have their own distinct culture & almost every state has carried out its own culture. There is hardly any cultural in the world that varied & unique in India.

التاريخ ١٥/١٢/٦

اليوم

عنوان الدرس

Bosa hal

Bosa hal

أزاح ضياء حاجت الظلام

It bearded the world with philosophess, the right of which removed the  
veils of darkness

فمن إمدادنا أزكي التهاني

إليك نزفها في كل عام

From d bottom of our heart, we exte sent solemnly the best wishes  
4 greetings 2 u every year.

لقد عرف الجميع بجادلنا

و ما فاصله، ألم العيام

Everybody is already well acquainted wid the strive & vigorous efforts of  
Gandhi & the pain of abstinence he had

دعا الشعب العظيم الى التائبي

وارشاده الى نبذ الخرائم

He called the get ppl for the brotherly association & counseled them to  
throw away the quarrels & disputes.

law

التاريخ ١٥/١٢/٦

اليوم

عنوان الدرس

Barish

الدرس ١٨-  
عيد استقلال باكستان

BA

Barish hal

سلام الله ياسع السلام

وبالحمد لله رب العالمين

The peace of god be upon you Oh ppl of peace & cradle of great  
philosophers

لقد حاضرت في مبروك وزم

وقابلات الشهادات بالسلام

You have struggled with great patience & determination & you faced  
the difficulties with smile.

وقد تحقق حراً فريماً

عزى الجاه مرفع اطقاء

And you come back victoriously, being free & liberated,  
possessing lofty, generous & prestigious ideals.

بلادك ذات تاريخ مجيد

جريق في الحضارة والبطار

Your country has a glorious history, very ancient civilisation & systematic  
laws & principals.

law

اليوم \_\_\_\_\_ التاريخ ١٦/١٢/٢٠١٦

عنوان الدرس \_\_\_\_\_

Plural	Dual	Singular	جـ / يـ
دعوا	ـعا	ـعـ	الغائبـ
ـعنـ	ـعا	ـعـ	الغائبةـ
ـعـونـةـ	ـعـونـما	ـعـونـتـ	الـاطـافـلـ
ـعـونـنـ	ـعـونـنـما	ـعـونـتـ	الـاطـافـلـةـ
ـعـونـاـ	ـعـونـاـ	ـعـونـتـ	ـاطـافـلـ

Plural	Dual	Singular	
			ـالـغـائـبـ
			ـالـغـائـبـةـ
			ـالـاطـافـلـ
			ـالـاطـافـلـةـ
			ـاطـافـلـ

٣- عادات المفردات للجمع و الجمع للمفردات مع استخدامها

في الجمل:

ـ بلاـ بـلاـ عـزـيزـ اـعـزـامـ (عـقـمـ)  
 تـارـيـخـ تـارـيـخـ فـلـاسـفـةـ فـلـاسـفـاتـ (صـيـغـ)  
 تـشـرـبـ تـشـرـبـ فـلـسـفـونـ (فـلـسـفـونـ)

اليوم \_\_\_\_\_ التاريخ ١٦/١٢/٢٠١٦

عنوان الدرس \_\_\_\_\_

Lesson - 18

Independence Day of  
India.

ـ تـارـيـخـ

١- صرف الفعلين التاليين مع ذكر اطعاني:  
 حـاجـدـ / يـاجـدـ

Plural	Dual	Singular	
ـاجـدواـ	ـاجـدواـ	ـاجـدـ	ـالـغـائبـ
ـاجـدـنـ	ـاجـدـتـاـ	ـاجـدـتـ	ـالـغـائـبـةـ
ـاجـدـتـمـ	ـاجـدـتـمـاـ	ـاجـدـتـ	ـالـاطـافـلـ
ـاجـدـتـنـ	ـاجـدـتـهـماـ	ـاجـدـتـ	ـالـاطـافـلـةـ
ـاجـدـدـاـ	ـاجـدـدـنـاـ	ـاجـدـدـ	ـاطـافـلـ

Plural	Dual	Singular	
ـجـاهـدـونـ	ـجـاهـدـانـ	ـجـاهـدـ	ـالـغـائبـ
ـجـاهـدـنـ	ـجـاهـدـانـ	ـجـاهـدـ	ـالـغـائـبـةـ
ـجـاهـدـوـنـ	ـجـاهـدـانـ	ـجـاهـدـ	ـالـاطـافـلـ
ـجـاهـدـهـمـ	ـجـاهـدـانـ	ـجـاهـدـ	ـالـاطـافـلـةـ
ـجـاهـدـدـاـ	ـجـاهـدـانـ	ـجـاهـدـ	ـاطـافـلـ

