

الدرس - 18 الاصطلاح

	Imprisonment	حبس
	pleasure	طرب
مذاهب (ج)	way / belief	مذهب
	I satisfy / I agree	أرضي
أقفاس (ج)	cage	قفص
	gold	ذهب
غابات (ج)	forest	غابة
غايات (ج)	aim	غاية
	life / living stream	عيش
	stream	نبح
مياه (ج)	water	ماء
مطالب (ج)	desire / quest	مطلب
	became good	طلب
مطاعم (ج)	eating place	مطعم
	pure	حار
	drink	مشرب
	I drink [to quench thirst]	استقي

TRANSLATION.

الحبس ليس مذهبي و ليس فيه طريبي
 Imprisonment is not my way
 And there is no pleasure for me.

فلست ارضى قفصاً و ان يكن من ذهب
 I'm not satisfied with this cage
 even though it is made of gold.

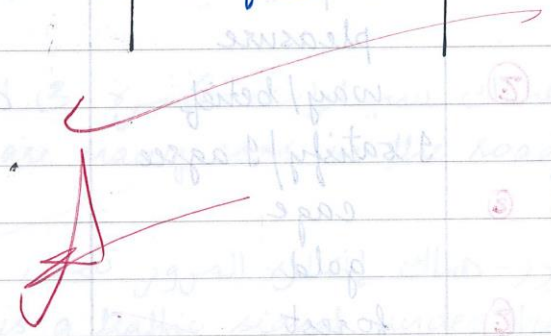
غايات ربي غاياتي و العيش فيها مطلبي
 Forest of my lord is my aim
 And living there is my desire

قد طاب فيها مطعمي و راق فيها مشربي
 Food is delicious there
 And drink is pure there.

اذهب فيها استقي من ماء نبع اعذب
 I go there and drink
 From the sweetest waters of stream.

فالحبس ليس مذهبي اصدق فيها مطلقاً
 Imprisonment is not my way.
 I could sing free these.

sweetest	أعذب
I go	أذهب
I sing	أصيح
free	مطلق



REFERENCE

These lines are taken from the poem:-

الطائر من كتاب القراء الرشيدة يدرس في منهاج
التعليم الثانوي للغة العربية للصف التاسع -

CENTRAL IDEA

In this poem, the poet has described the importance of freedom by the speech of the bird. And he has told this fact very nicely that freedom is better than each and every precious things of this world.

EXPLANATION

The poem (الطائر) (The Bird) describes the quest of bird for freedom. It does not want to live in a cage even though the cage is made up of gold. It wishes to live in the lord's forest so that it can go anywhere freely, seeking its food & drink.

- (4) هات الجمل -
- مذهب - مذاهب
 - مطعم - مطاعم
 - مقاص - أقصاص
 - مشرب - مشارب
 - مطلب - مطالب